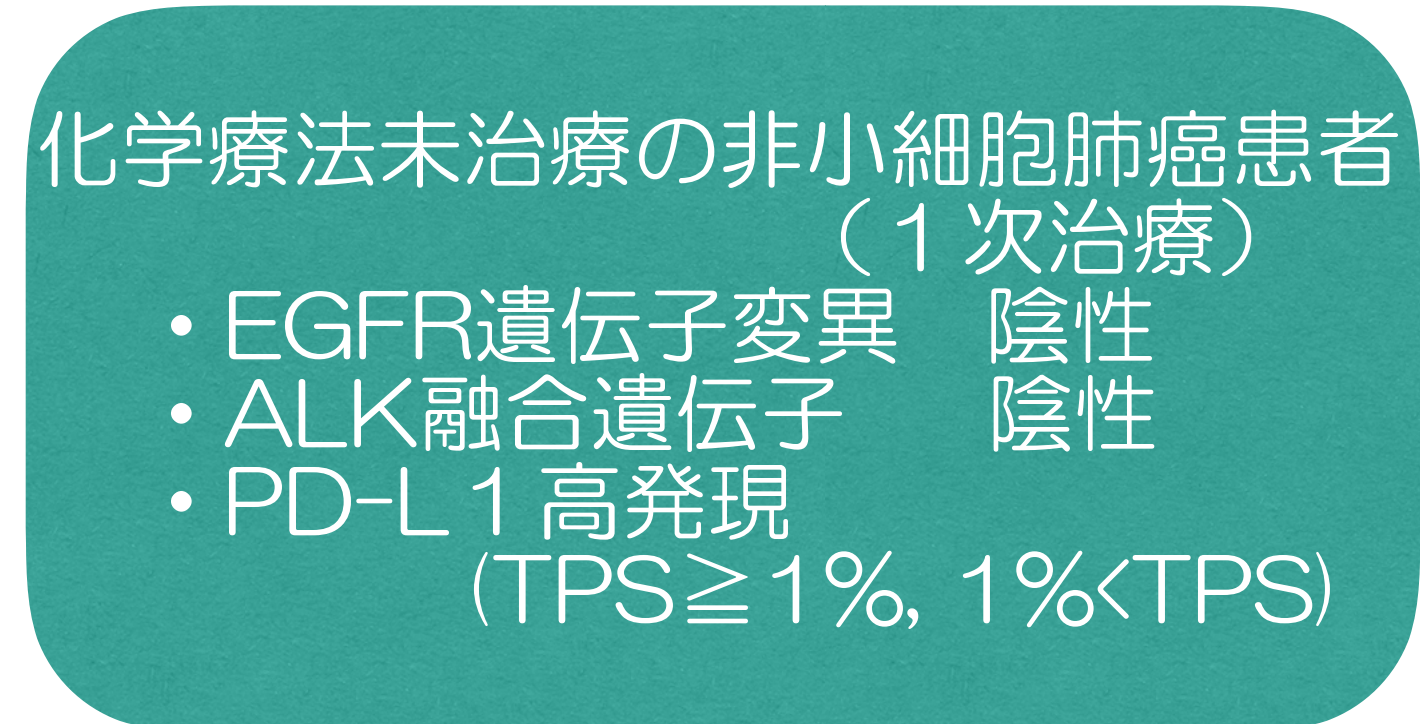


KEYNOTE-021

アメリカ、台湾27施設

非小細胞肺癌患者

All comer(腺癌、扁平上皮癌)



R

Pembrolizumab

CBDCA_(AUC=5)+Pem_(500mg/m²)
(Non-Sq Pem維持療法許容)
Up to 4 cycles

Achieved
OR

30/60

CBDCA_(AUC=5)+Pem_(500mg/m²)
(Non-Sq Pem維持療法許容)
Up to 4 cycles

18/63

※化学療法群の後治療では、クロスオーバーでPembrolizumab使用が79/97例であったにも関わらず、OSにおいて一次での使用が成績良かった。1次治療で化学療法より優先してPembrolizumaを使用することとなる。

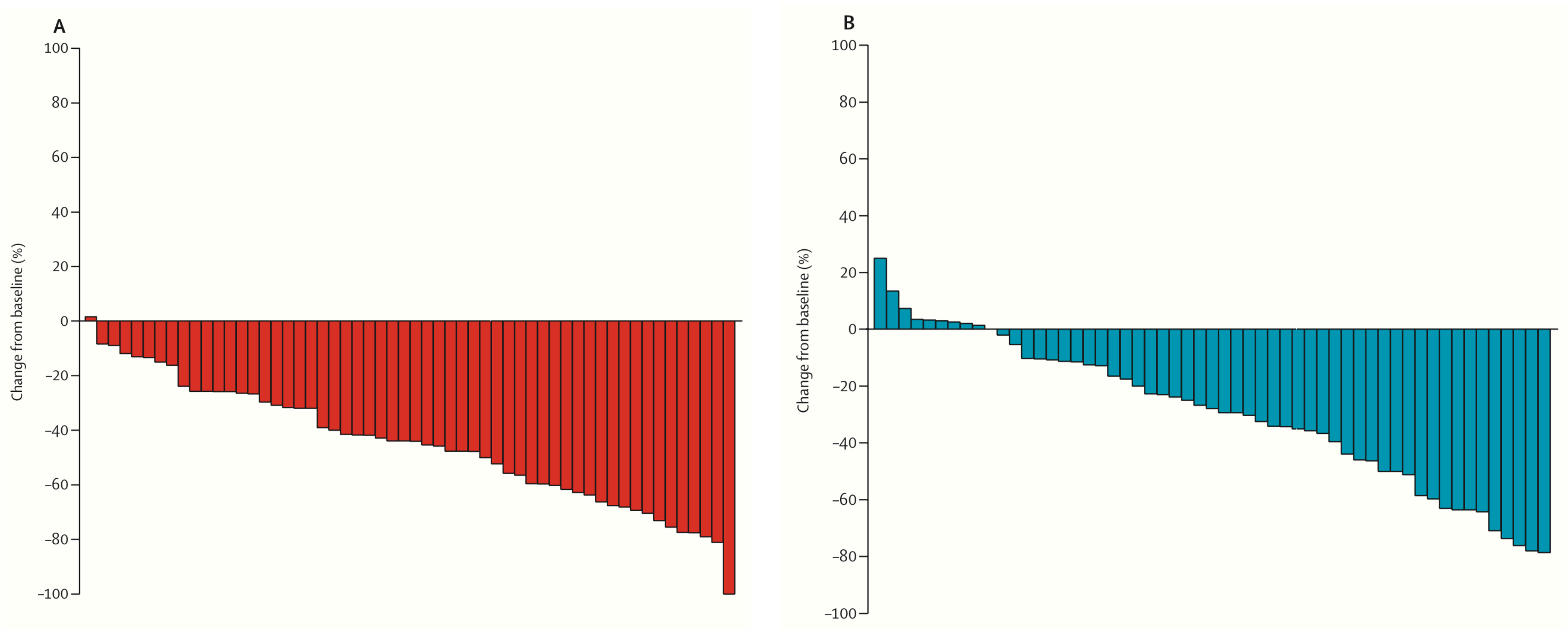


Figure 2: Best percentage change from baseline in tumour size in the pembrolizumab plus chemotherapy group (n=56; A) and the chemotherapy alone group (n=55; B)

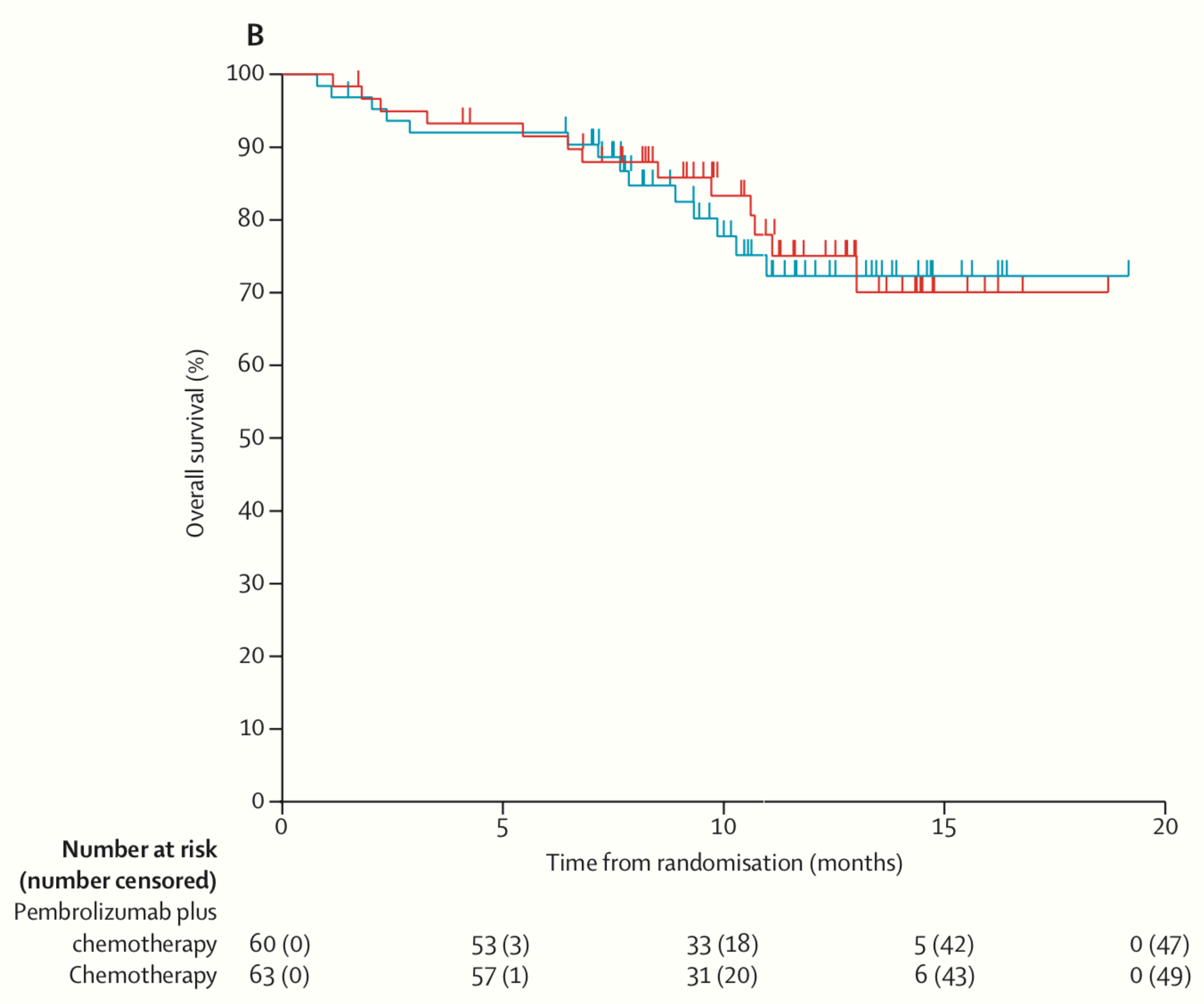
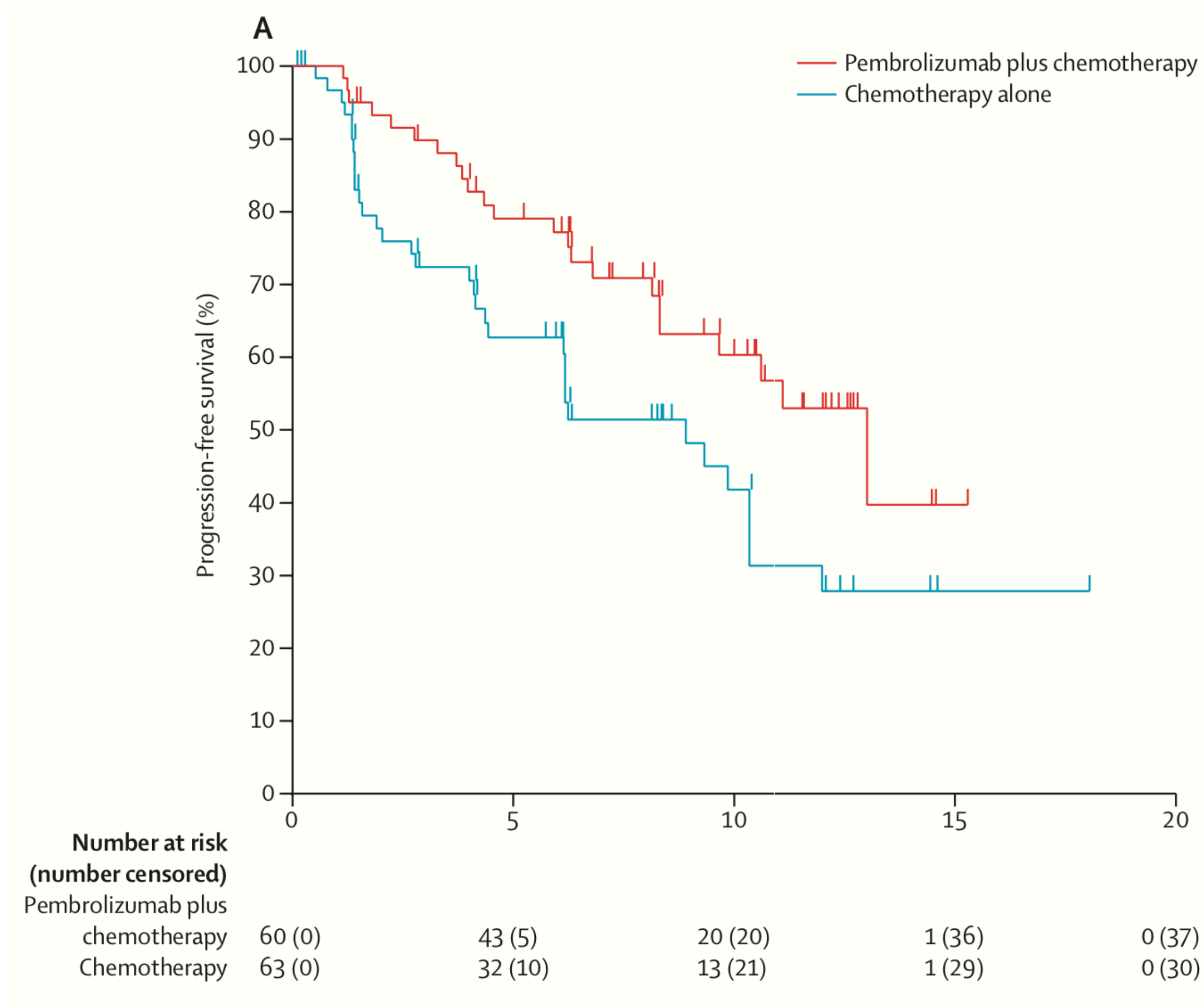
Tumour size was defined as the sum of the longest diameters of target lesions. Evaluable patients were those who had both measurable disease per Response Evaluation Criteria In Solid Tumors version 1.1 by masked, independent central radiology review at baseline and at least one post-baseline radiological assessment.

Carboplatin and pemetrexed with or without
pembrolizumab for advanced, non-squamous non-small-cell
lung cancer: a randomised, phase 2 cohort of the open-label
KEYNOTE-021 study



KEYNOTE-021

(PD1/PDL1-71)



KEYNOTE-021 G (NCT02039674): Phase 2, Open-label, Randomized Study¹

Key Eligibility Criteria

- Untreated stage IIIB or IV nonsquamous NSCLC
- No activating *EGFR* mutation or *ALK* translocation
- Biopsy sample for PD-L1 assessment^a
- ECOG PS 0-1
- No untreated brain metastases
- No ILD or pneumonitis requiring systemic steroids

R (1:1)^a
N = 123

Pembrolizumab
200 mg IV Q3W (2 years)

+
Carboplatin AUC 5 mg/mL/min +
Pemetrexed 500 mg/m²
Q3W (4 cycles)

Carboplatin AUC 5 mg/mL/min +
Pemetrexed 500 mg/m²
Q3W (4 cycles)

Pemetrexed
500 mg/m²
Q3W
permitted as
maintenance
therapy

END POINTS

Primary: ORR (RECIST v1.1, per blinded, independent central review)

Key secondary: PFS

Other secondary: OS, safety, relationship between antitumor activity and PD-L1 TPS

KEYNOTE-021 G (NCT02039674): Phase 2, Open-label, Randomized Study¹

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Pemetrexed 500 mg/m²
Q3W (4 cycles)^b

PD

Pembro
200 mg
IV Q3W
(2 years)

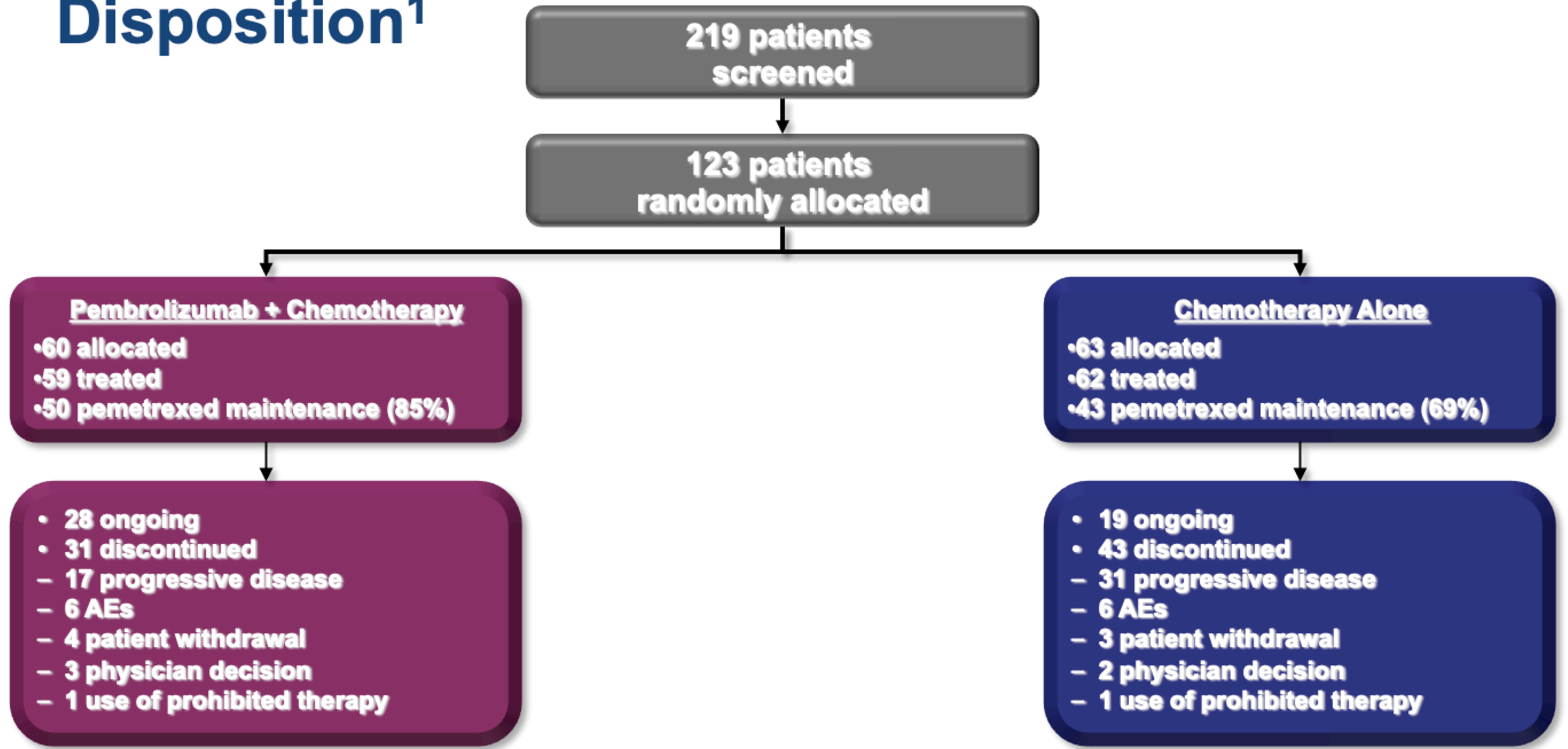
END POINTS

Primary: ORR (RECIST v1.1, per blinded, independent central review)

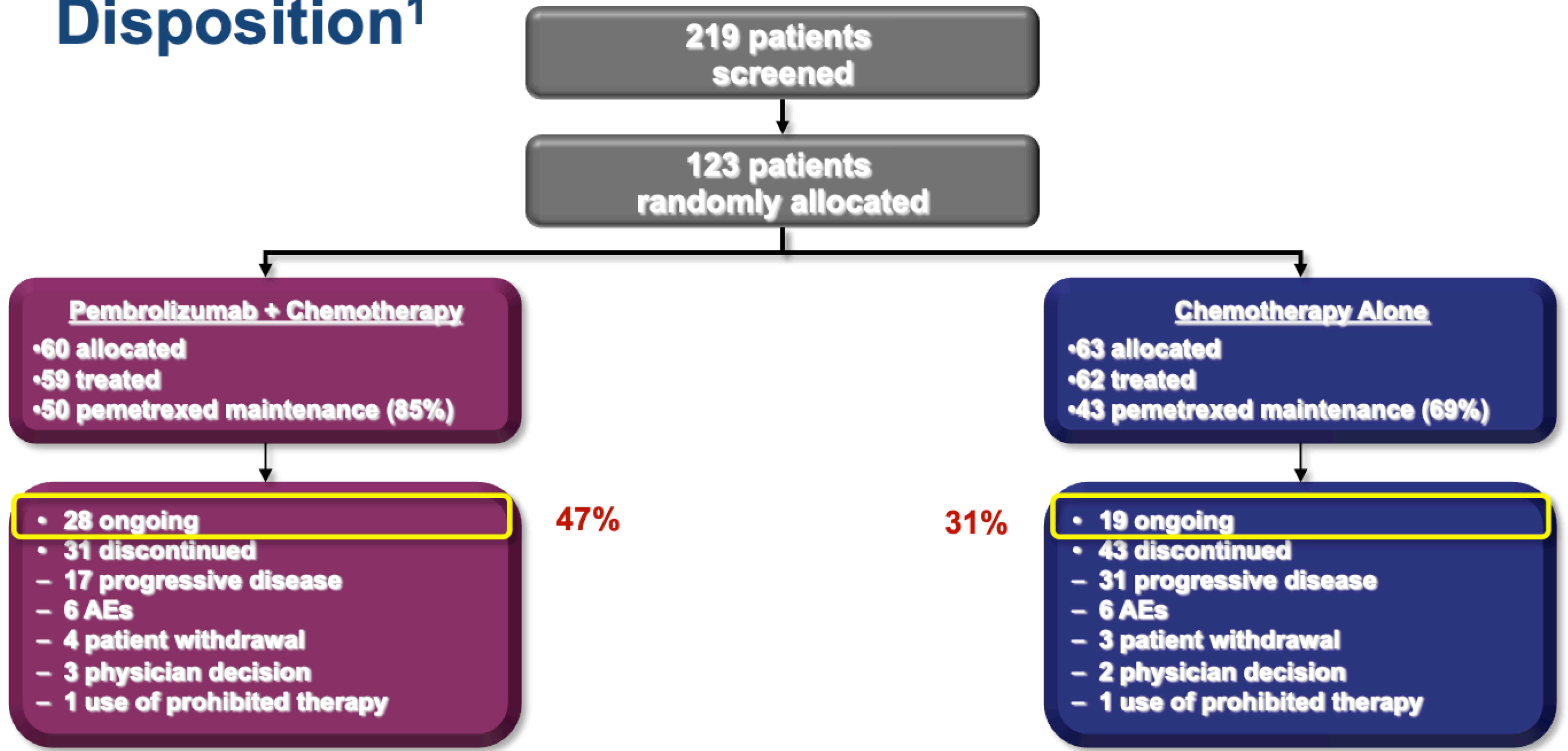
Key secondary: PFS

Other secondary: OS, safety, relationship between antitumor activity and PD-L1 TPS

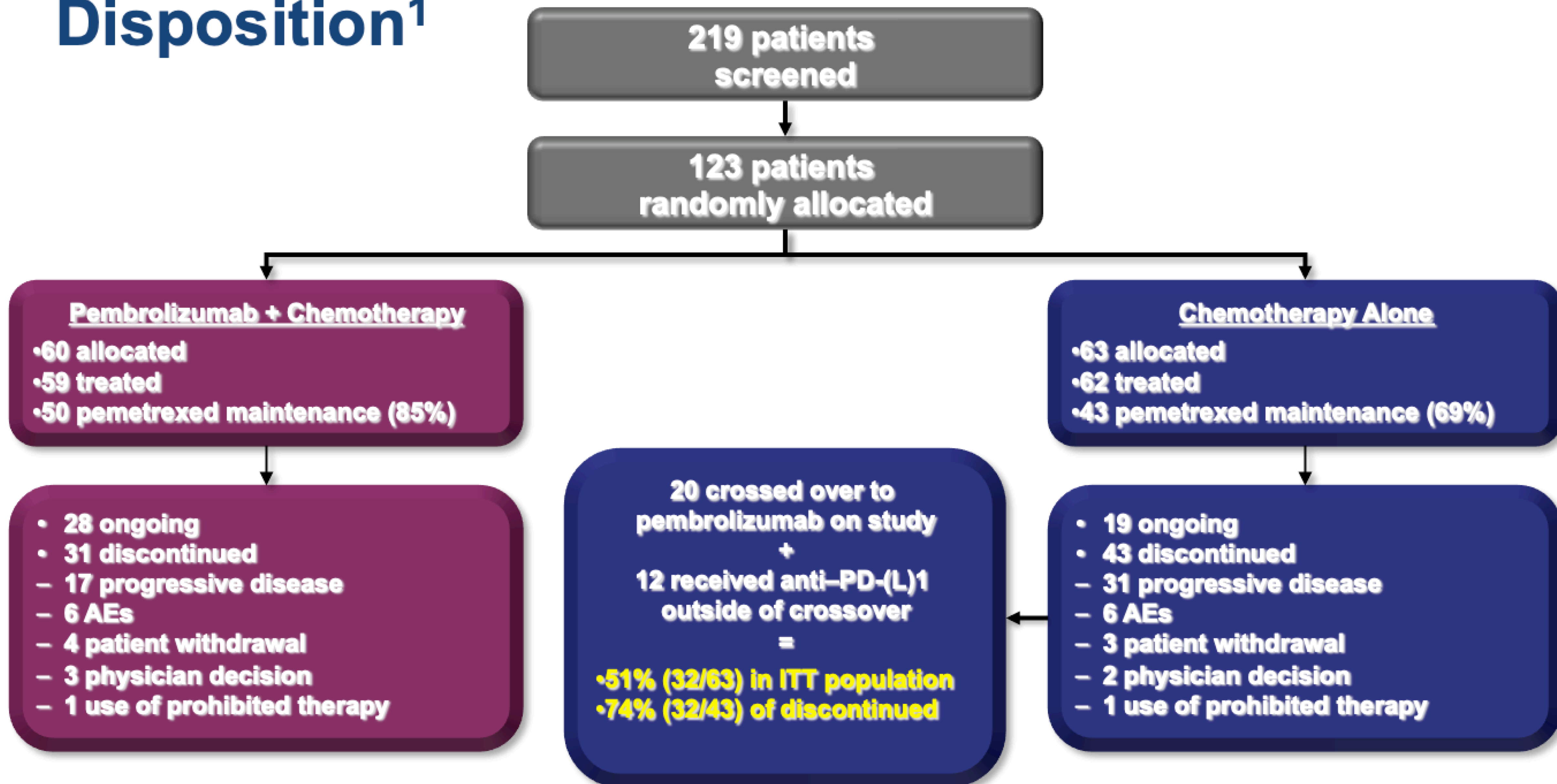
Disposition¹



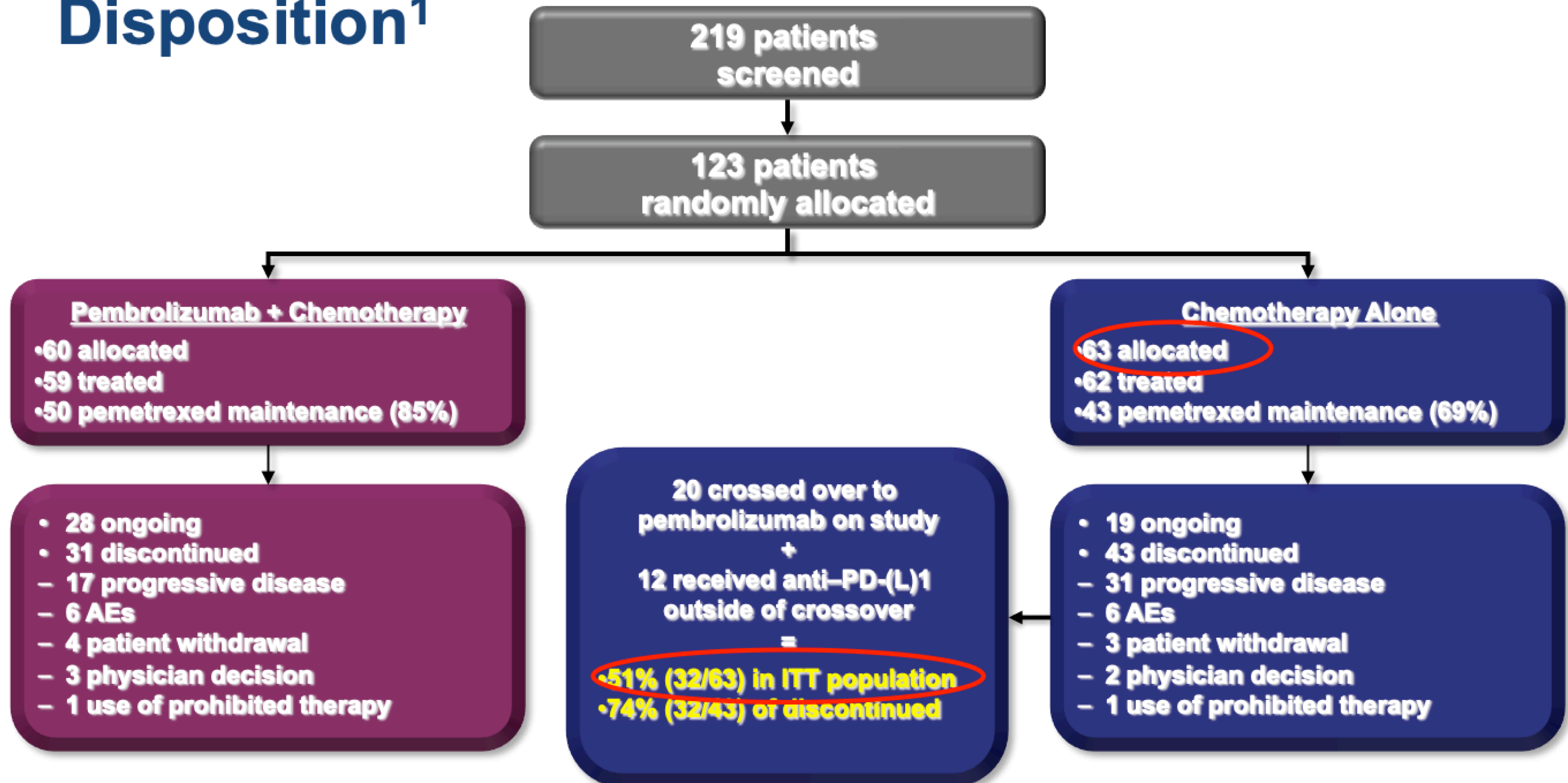
Disposition¹



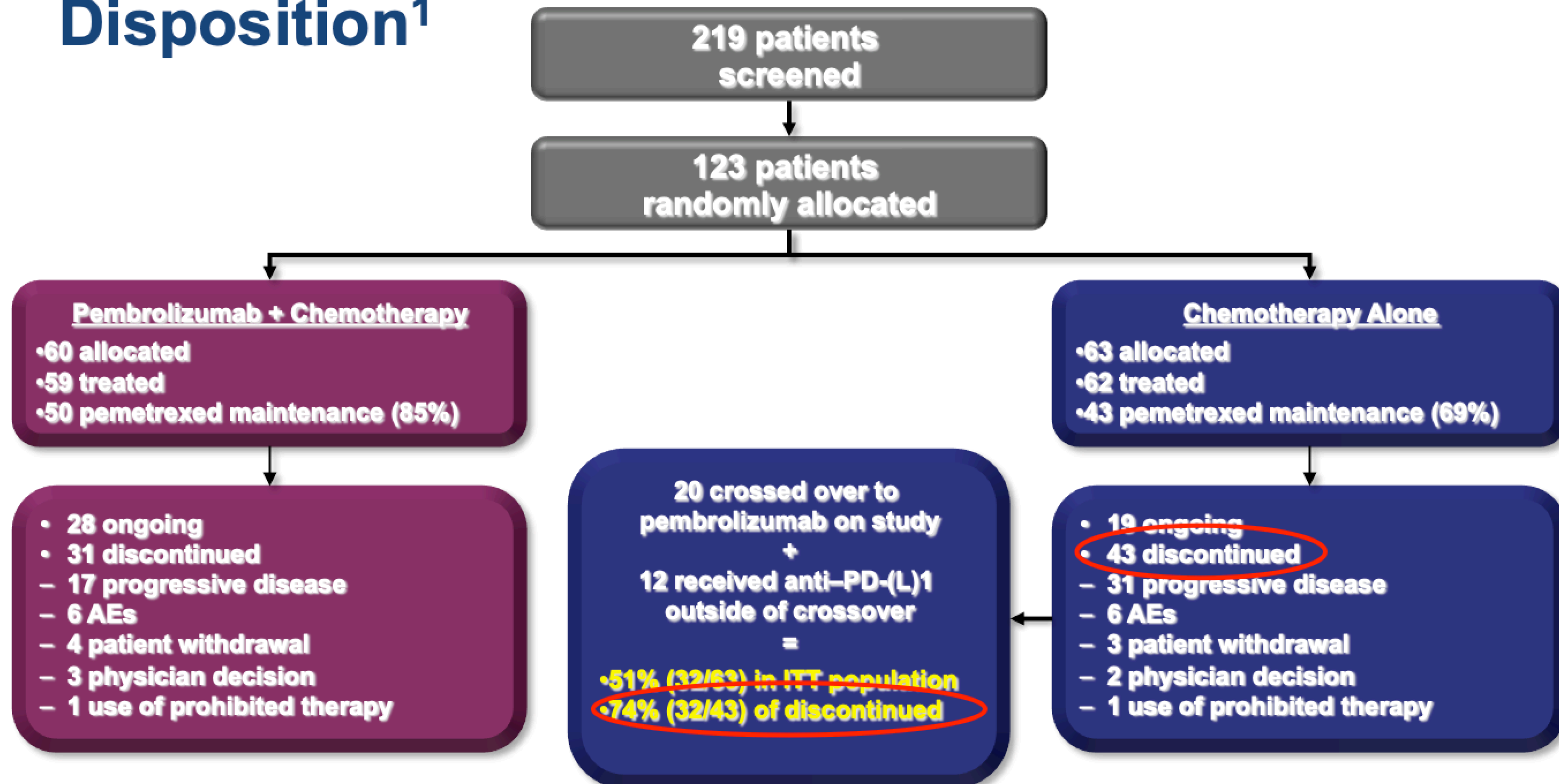
Disposition¹



Disposition¹

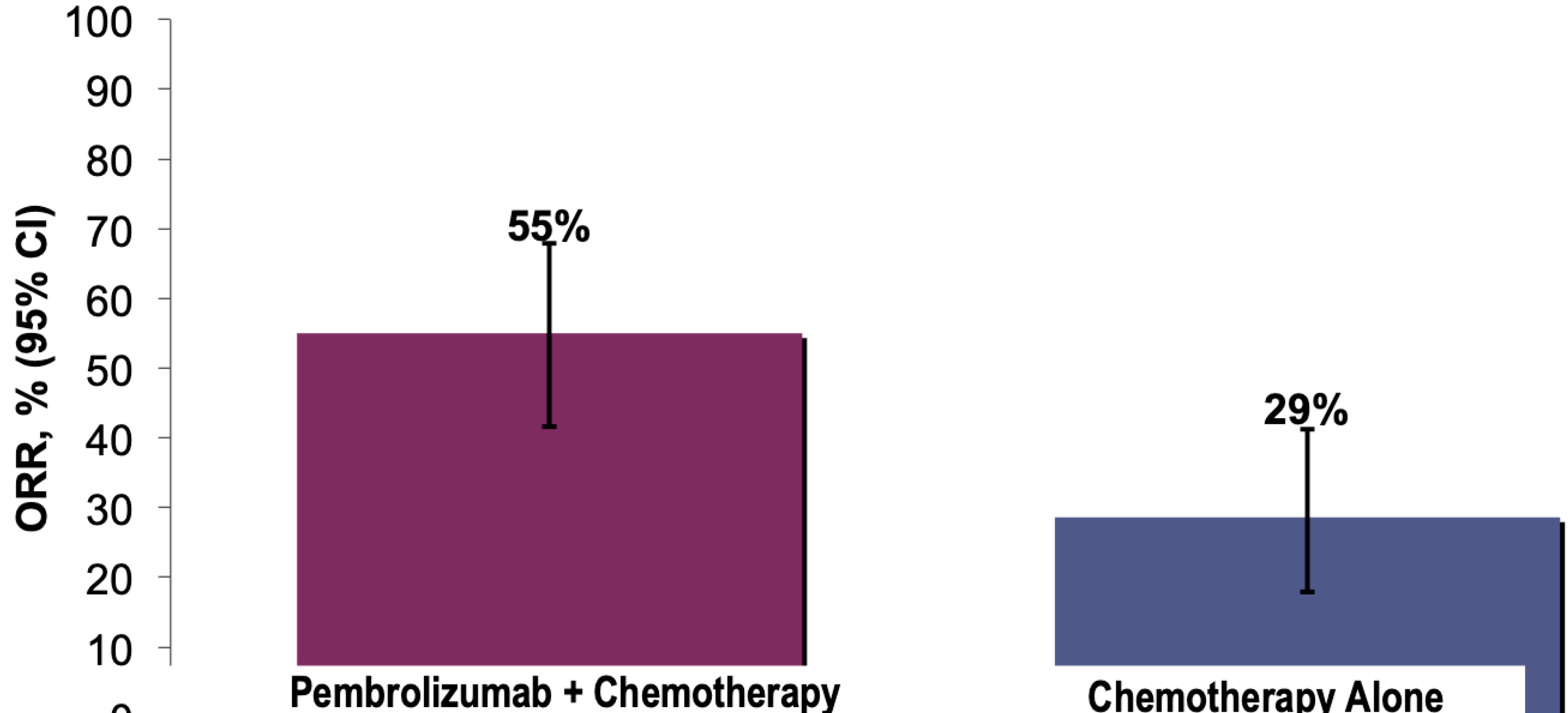


Disposition¹



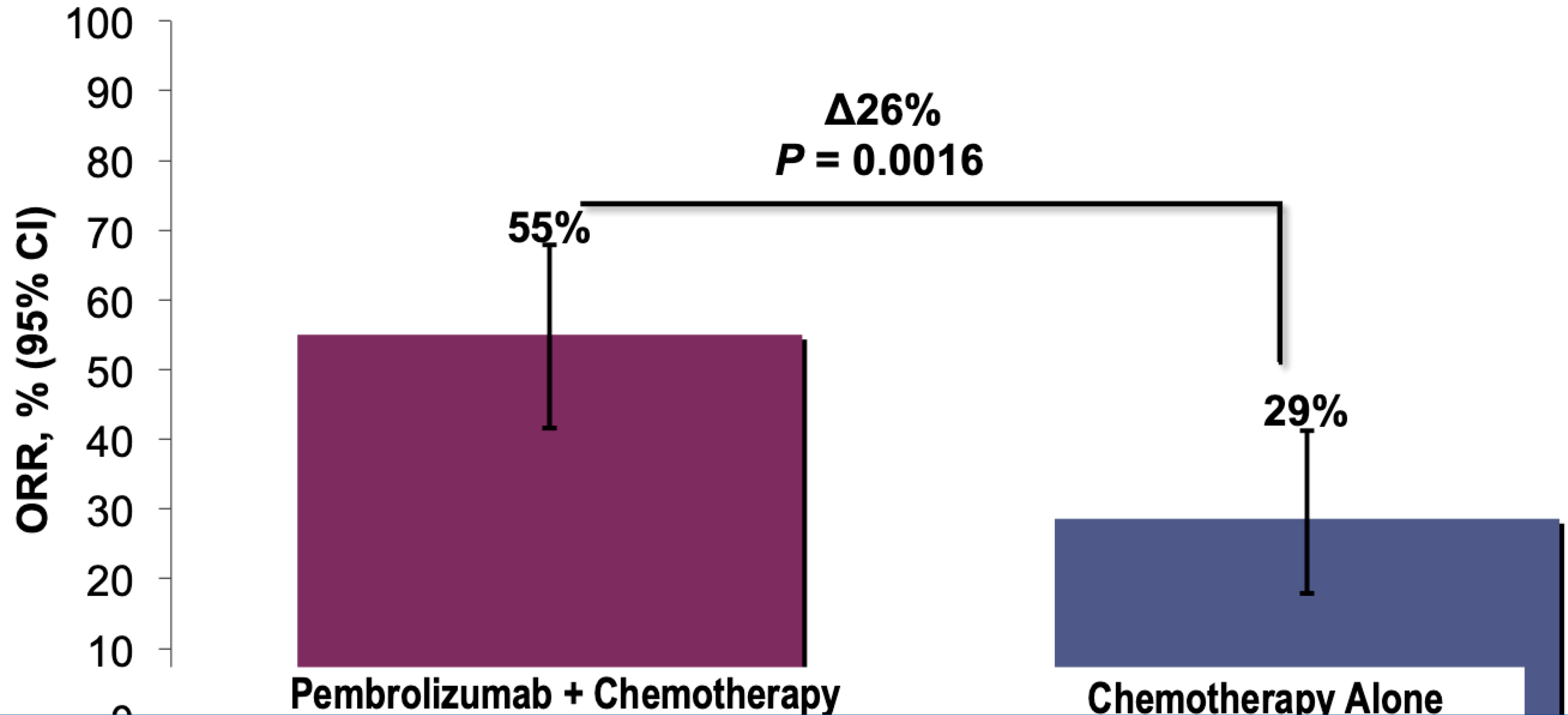
Confirmed Objective Response Rate¹

(RECIST v1.1 by Blinded, Independent Central Review)



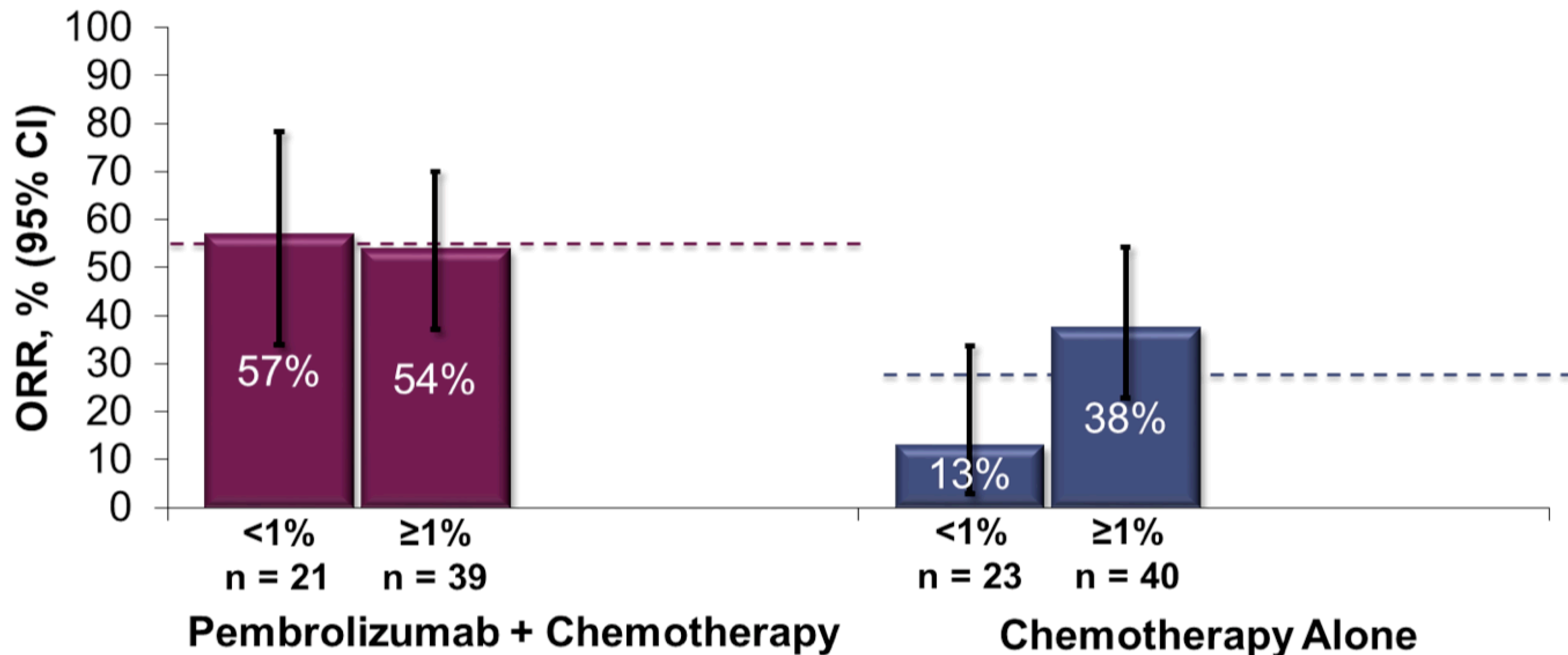
Confirmed Objective Response Rate¹

(RECIST v1.1 by Blinded, Independent Central Review)



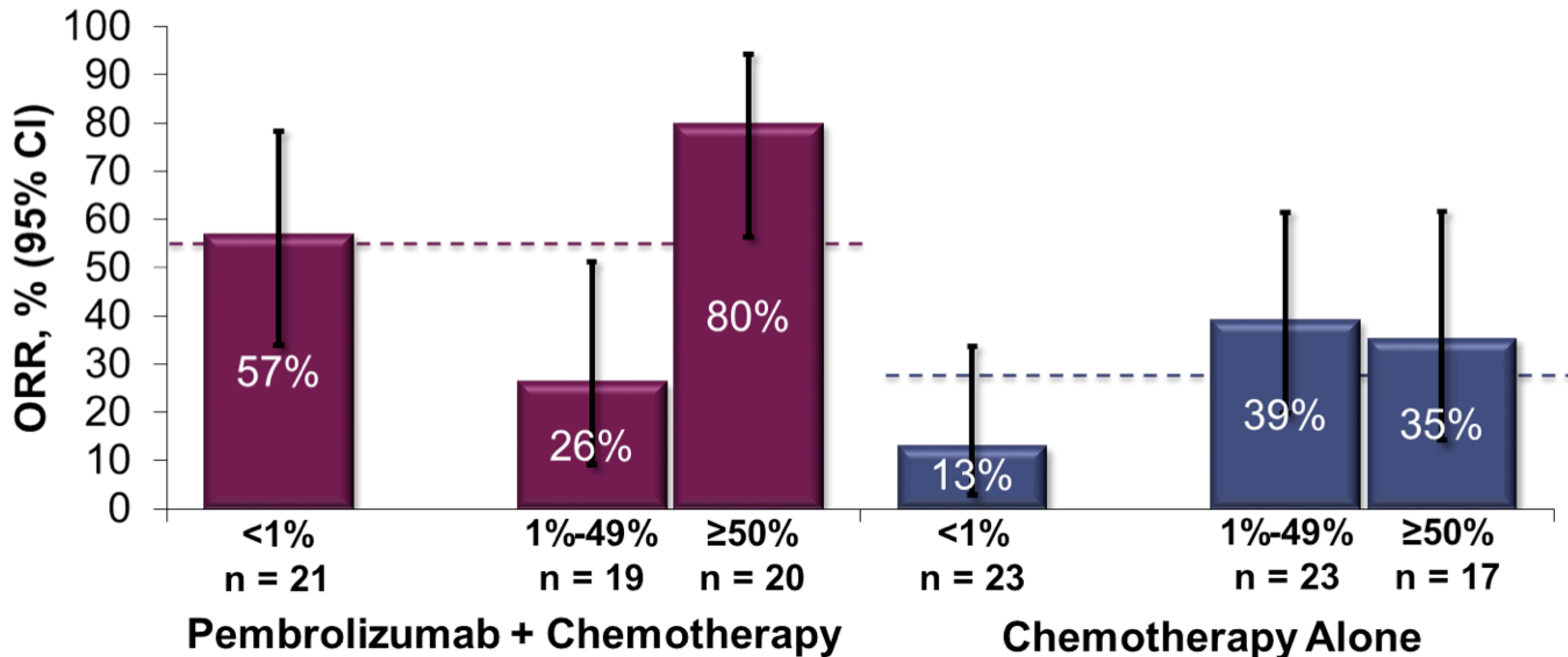
Objective Response Rate by PD-L1 Status¹

(RECIST v1.1 by Blinded, Independent Central Review)



Objective Response Rate by PD-L1 Status¹

(RECIST v1.1 by Blinded, Independent Central Review)

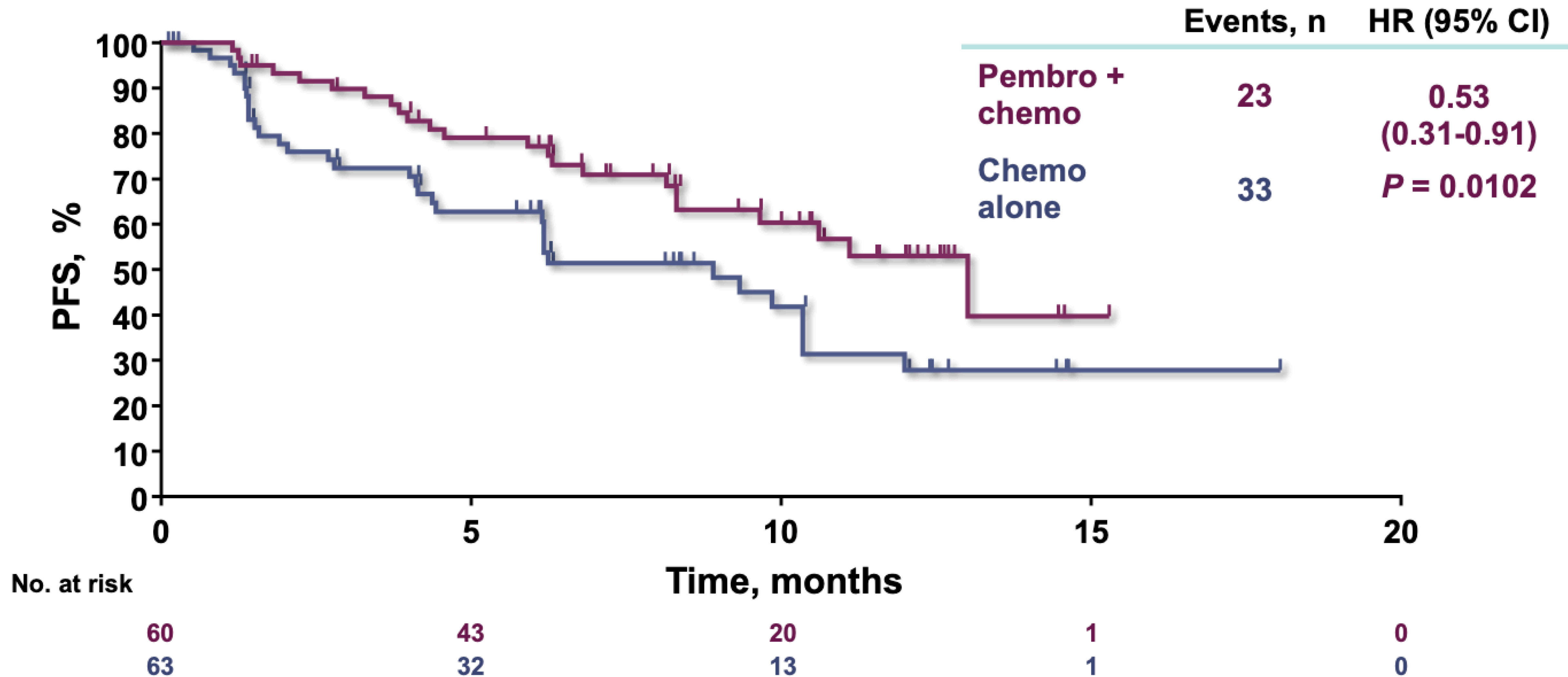


Horizontal dotted lines represent the ORR in the total population.

1. Langer CJ et al. *Lancet Oncol* 2016; dx.doi.org/10.1016/S1470-2045(16)30498-3.
Data cutoff date: August 8, 2016.

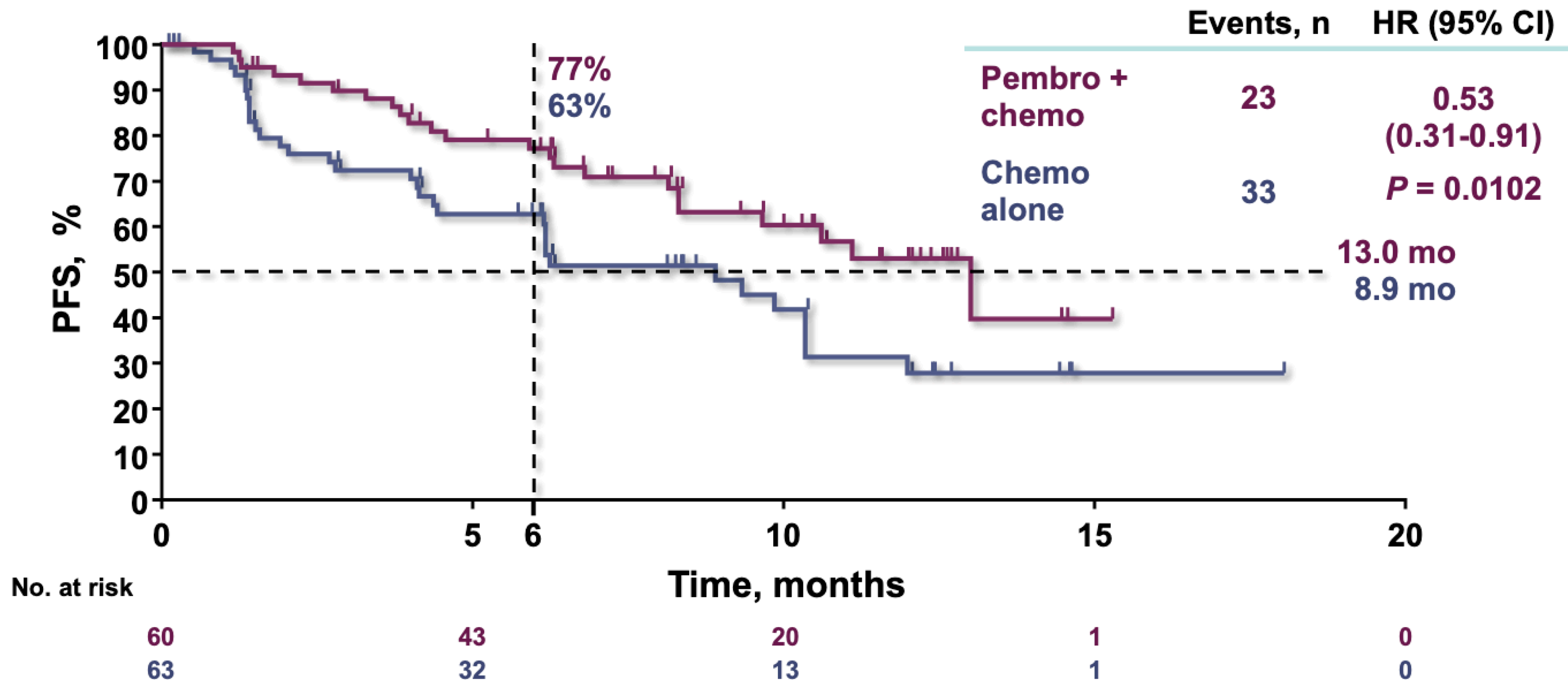
Progression-free Survival¹

(RECIST v1.1 by Blinded, Independent Central Review)

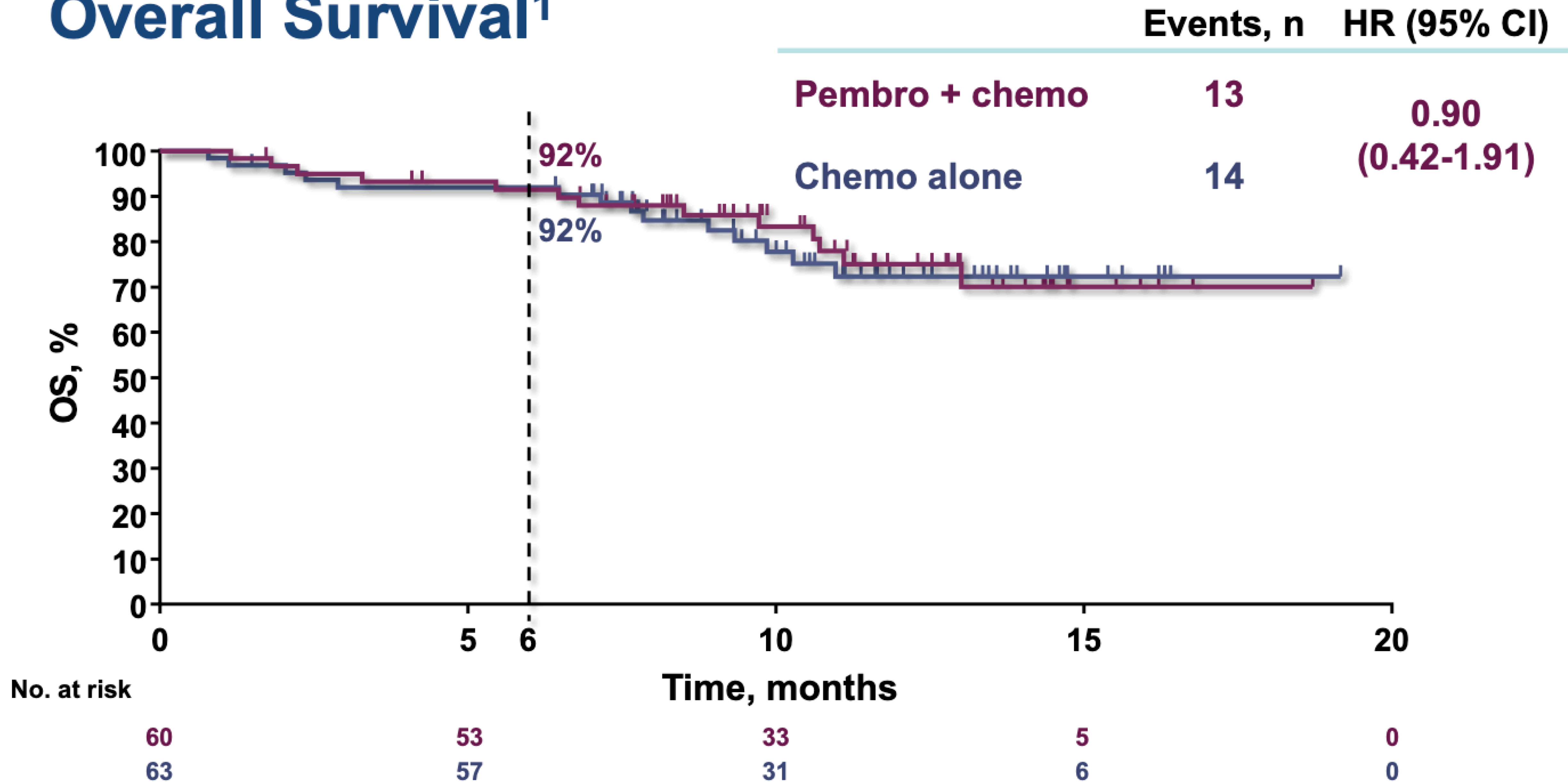


Progression-free Survival¹

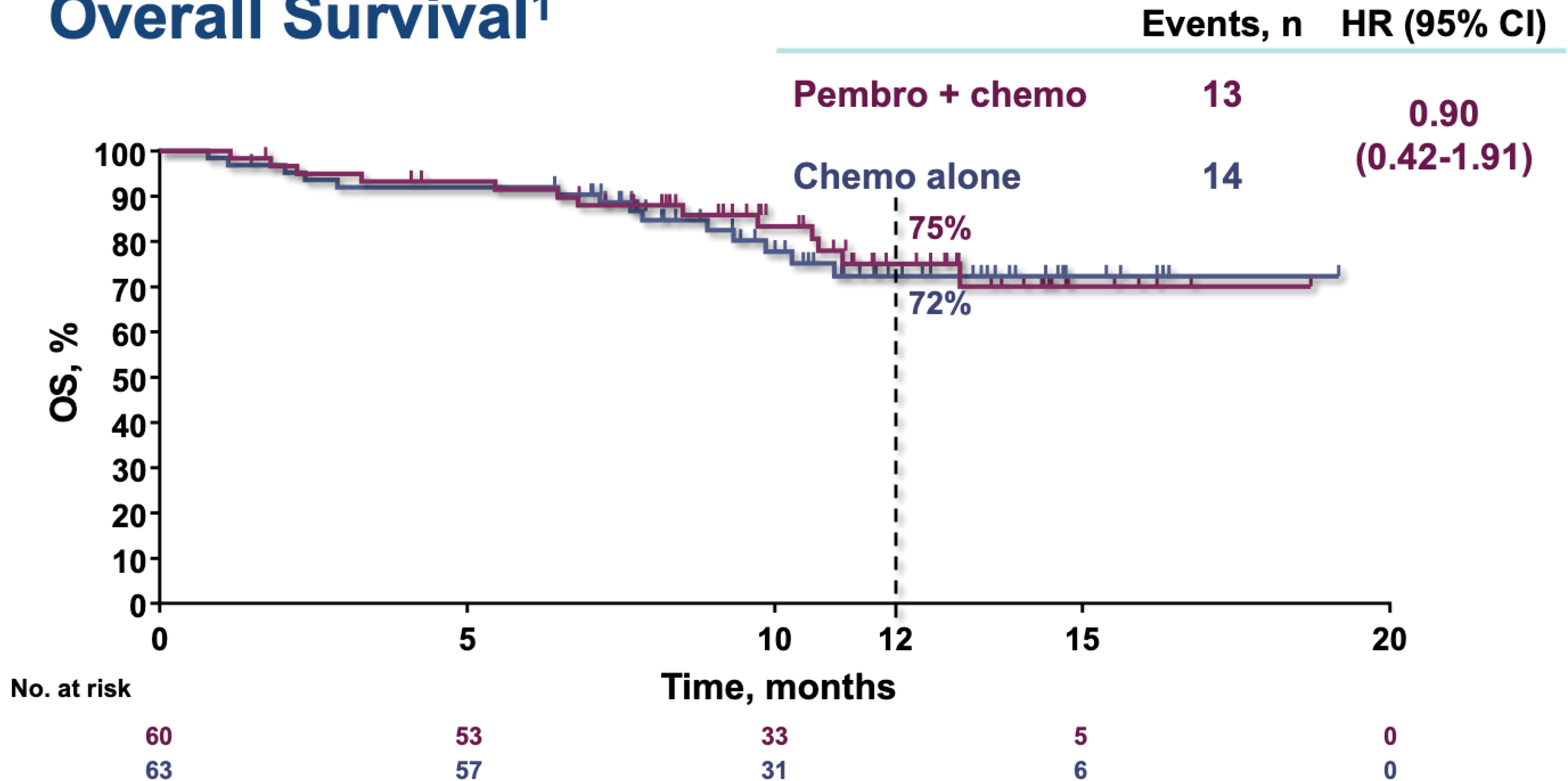
(RECIST v1.1 by Blinded, Independent Central Review)



Overall Survival¹

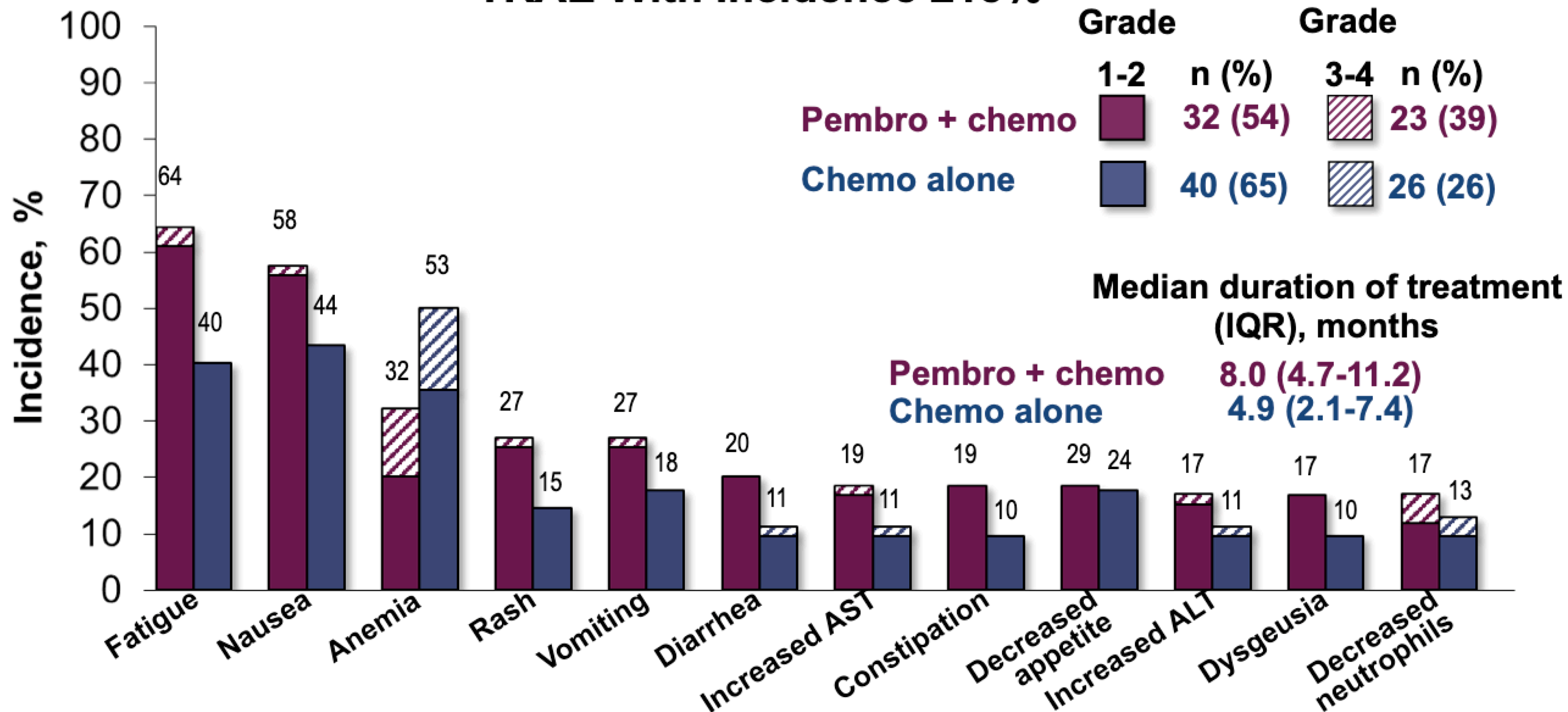


Overall Survival¹



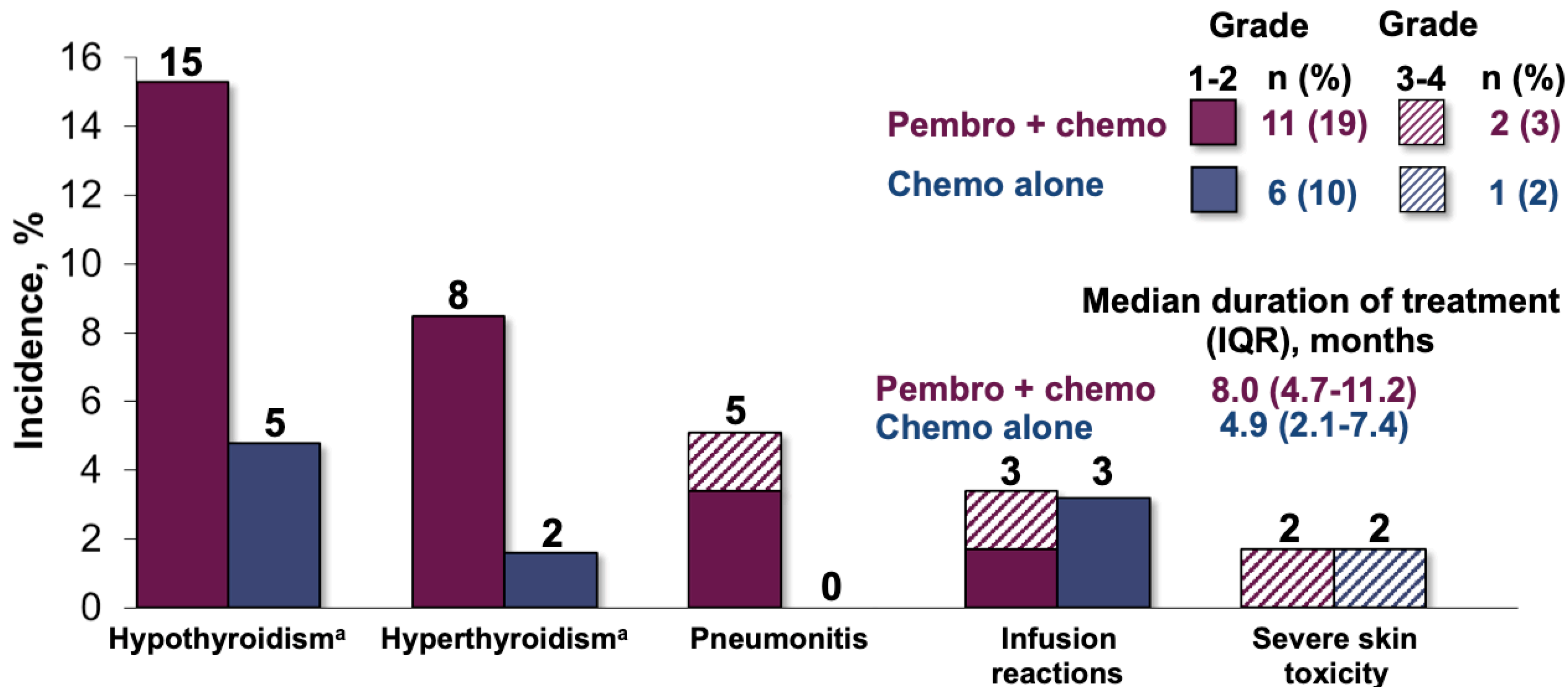
Safety¹

TRAE With Incidence $\geq 15\%$



Safety¹

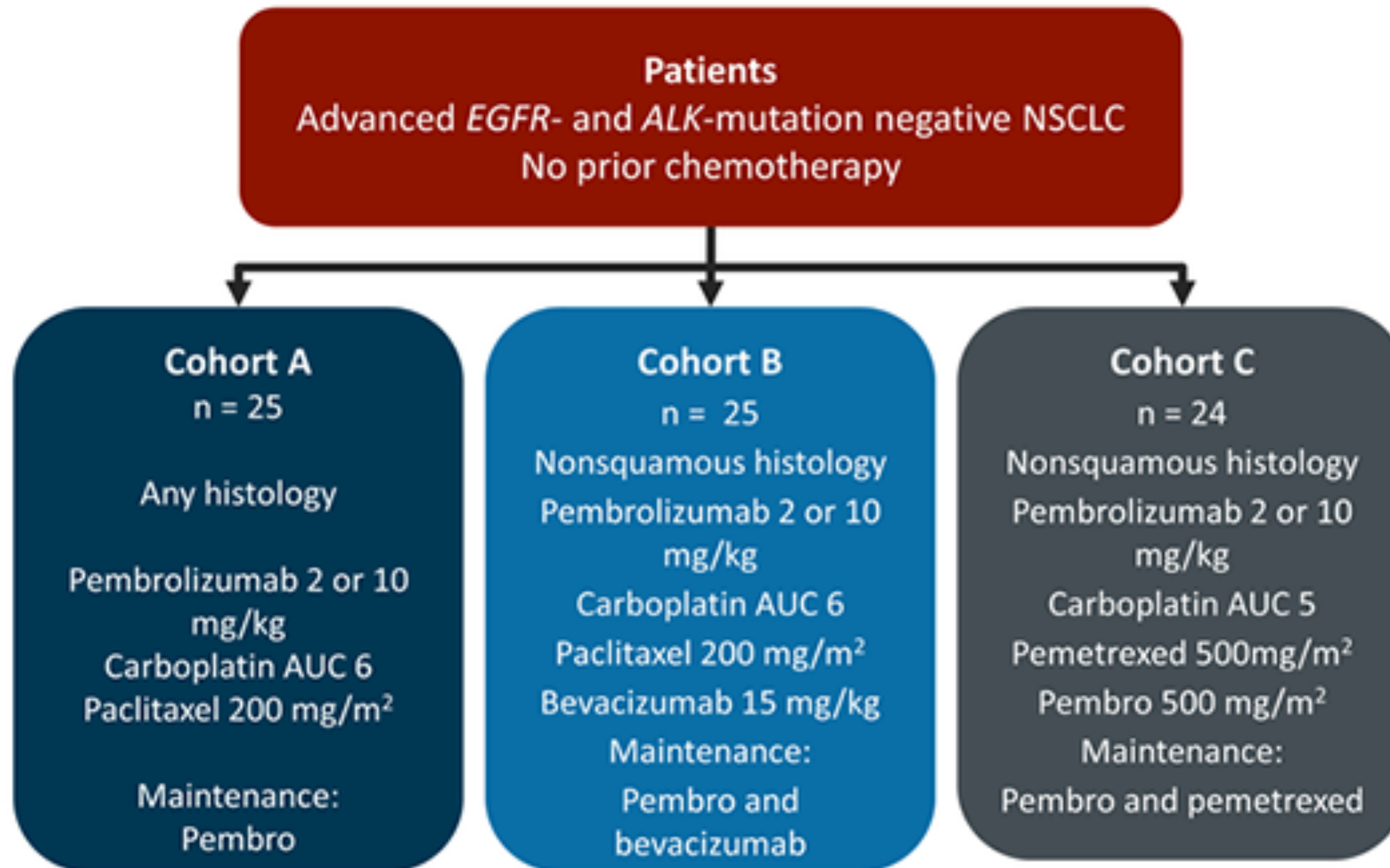
AEs With Possible Immune Etiology



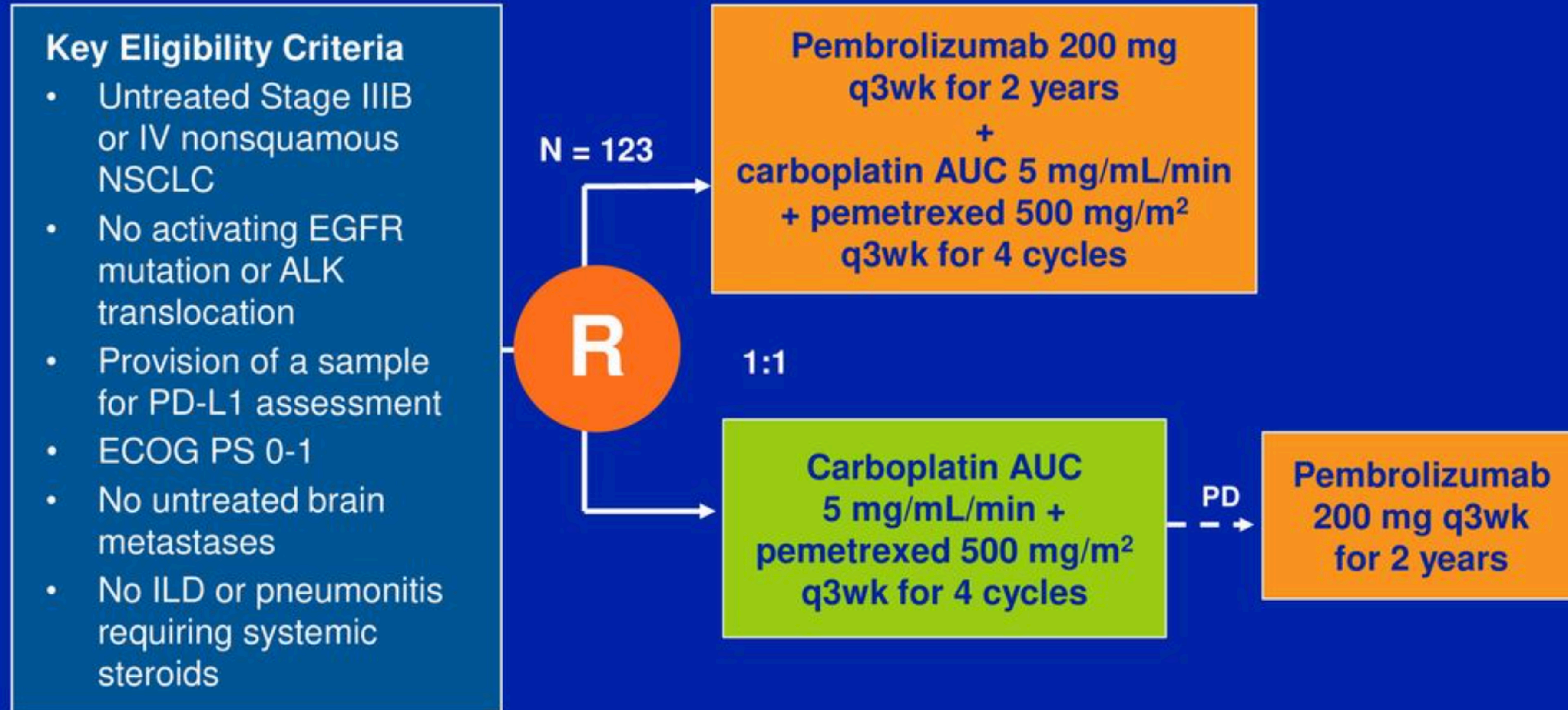
Conclusions

- Pembrolizumab in combination with carboplatin + pemetrexed appears superior to carboplatin + pemetrexed alone as first-line therapy for advanced nonsquamous NSCLC¹
 - ORR nearly doubled by adding pembrolizumab to chemotherapy: 55% vs 29%
 - Risk of progression or death nearly halved: HR of 0.53 for PFS; median PFS for pembrolizumab + chemotherapy exceeds 1 year
 - Similar OS between arms: 92% survival at 6 months
- Pembrolizumab in combination with carboplatin + pemetrexed is tolerable and has a manageable safety profile
- Pembrolizumab in combination with carboplatin and pemetrexed could be an effective treatment option for patients with chemotherapy-naïve, advanced nonsquamous NSCLC

KEYNOTE-021 Design



KEYNOTE-021 Cohort G

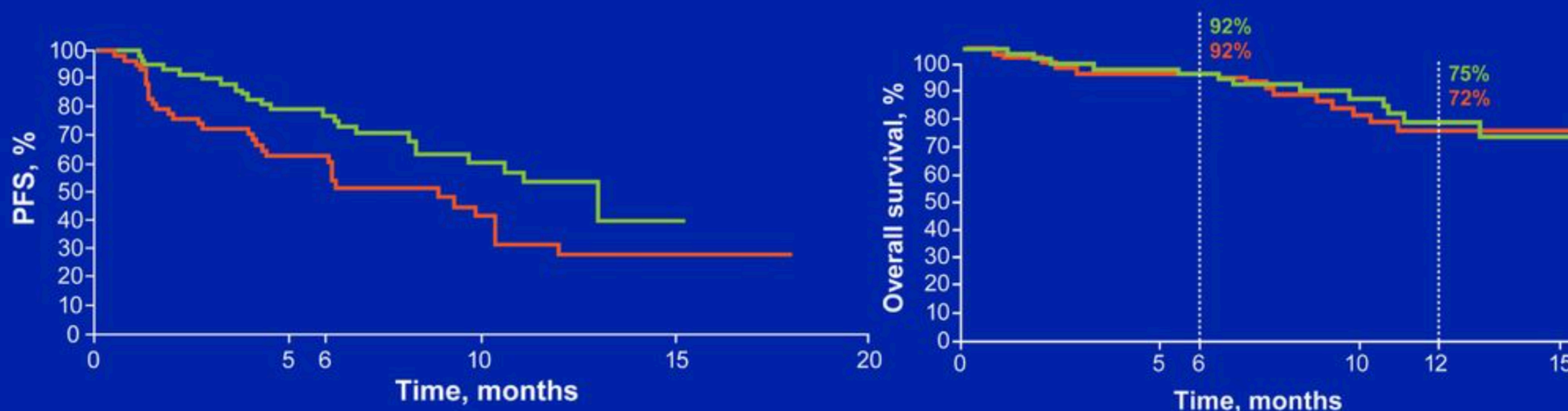


Endpoints

Primary: ORR (RECIST v1.1 per blinded, independent central review)

Key secondary: PFS

KEYNOTE-021: Survival data



	Events, n	Median	HR (95% CI)
Pembro + chemo (n = 60)	23	13.0 mo	0.53 (0.31-0.91)
Chemo alone (n = 63)	33	8.9 mo	$p = 0.0102$

	Events, n	HR (95% CI)
Pembro + chemo	13	0.90 (0.42-0.91)
Chemo alone	14	

- **Median PFS improved by 4.1 months**
- No difference in OS
 - Estimated rate of OS @ 12 months: 75% (combo) vs 72% (CT)
- In chemotherapy arm, crossover is 51% to anti-PD-1/PD-L1 therapies (pembrolizumab and others)

KEYNOTE-021: Select Adverse Events

	Pembrolizumab + Carbo/Pemetrexed (n = 59)		Carbo/Pemetrexed (n = 62)	
AEs	Grade 1-2	Grade ≥3	Grade 1-2	Grade ≥3
Fatigue	61%	3%	40%	0
Anemia	20%	12%	39%	15%
Decreased neutrophil count	12%	5%	10%	3%
Decreased lymphocyte count	5%	3%	3%	2%
Thrombocytopenia	2%	4%	3%	3%
Hypothyroidism	15%	0	5%	0
Hyperthyroidism	8%	0	2%	0
Pneumonitis	3%	2%	0	0